

# Azimuthal Asymmetries in Drell-Yan Lepto-Production in Early Stages at FAIR

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for the PANDA Collaboration



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## The Nucleon Structure

Torino (Italy)  
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# Overview

- Motivation
- Drell-Yan process and background
  - A. Bianconi Drell-Yan generator
  - Cut studies
- Investigation of Drell-Yan asymmetries
- Summary

# Drell-Yan Process and Background

- Drell-Yan:  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-X$

cross section  $\sigma \sim 1 \text{ nb} @ s = 30 \text{ GeV}^2$

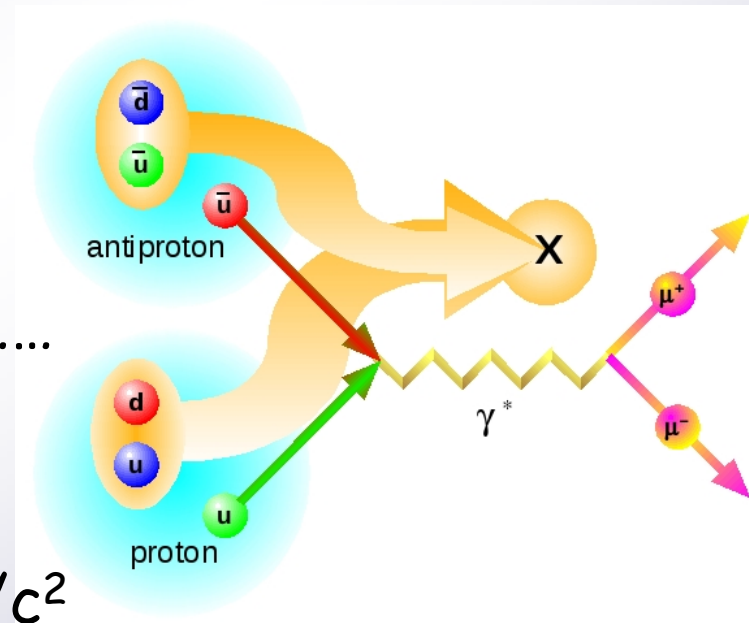
- Background:  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-X, 2\pi^+2\pi^-X, \dots$

cross section  $\sigma \sim 20\text{-}30 \mu\text{b}$

$m_\mu = 105 \text{ MeV}/c^2; m_\pi 145 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

average primary pion pairs:  $\sim 1.5$

- Background studies: needed rejection factor of  $10^7$

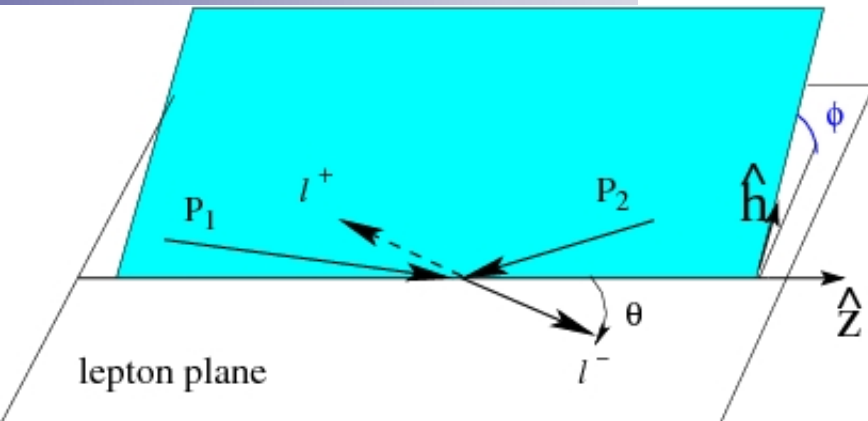


# Drell-Yan Asymmetries

## UNPOLARISED

Collins-Soper frame

$$\frac{d\sigma^o}{d\Omega dx_1 dx_2 dq_T} = \frac{\alpha^2}{12Q^2} \sum_f e_f^2 \left\{ (1 + \cos^2 \theta) \mathcal{F} \left[ \bar{f}_1^f f_1^f \right] + f \sin^2 \left( \cos 2\phi \right) \mathcal{F} \left[ \left( 2\hat{h} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{1T} \hat{h} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{2T} - \mathbf{p}_{1T} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{2T} \right) \frac{\bar{h}_1^{\perp f} h_1^{\perp f}}{M_1 M_2} \right] \right\}$$



## SINGLE-POLARISED

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega dx_1 dx_2 dq_T} = \frac{d\sigma^o}{d\Omega dx_1 dx_2 dq_T} + \frac{d\Delta\sigma^\uparrow}{d\Omega dx_1 dx_2 dq_T}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\Delta\sigma^\uparrow}{d\Omega dx_1 dx_2 dq_T} = \frac{\alpha^2}{12sQ^2} \sum_f e_f^2 |S_{2T}| \left\{ (1 + \cos^2 \theta) \sin(\phi - \phi_{S_2}) \mathcal{F} \left[ \hat{h} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{2T} \frac{\bar{f}_1^f f_{1T}^{\perp f}}{M_2} \right] - \sin^2 \left( \sin(\phi + \phi_{S_2}) \right) \mathcal{F} \left[ \hat{h} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{1T} \frac{\bar{h}_1^{\perp f} h_{1T}^f}{M_1} \right] - \sin^2 \theta \sin(3\phi - \phi_{S_2}) \mathcal{F} \left[ \left( 4\hat{h} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{1T} (\hat{h} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{2T})^2 - 2\hat{h} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{2T} \mathbf{p}_{1T} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{2T} - \hat{h} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{1T} \mathbf{p}_{2T}^2 \right) \frac{\bar{h}_1^{\perp f} h_{1T}^{\perp f}}{2M_1 M_2^2} \right] \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$U = N(\cos 2\phi > 0)$$

$$D = N(\cos 2\phi < 0)$$

$$\text{Asymmetry } A = \frac{U - D}{U + D}$$

# TMD: $k_T$ -dependent Parton Distributions

Twist-2 PDFs  $f_1(x) = \int d^2k_T f_1(x, k_T)$

$p = xP + k_T$

$f_1 = \text{circle with white dot}$

$g_{1L} = \text{circle with white dot and right arrow} - \text{circle with white dot and left arrow}$ 
 $g_{1T} = \text{circle with white dot and up arrow} - \text{circle with white dot and down arrow}$

$h_{1T} = \text{circle with white dot and up arrow} - \text{circle with white dot and down arrow}$ 

**Transversity**

$f_{1T}^\perp = \text{circle with white dot and up arrow} - \text{circle with white dot and down arrow}$ 

**Sivers**

$h_1^\perp = \text{circle with white dot and up arrow} - \text{circle with white dot and down arrow}$ 

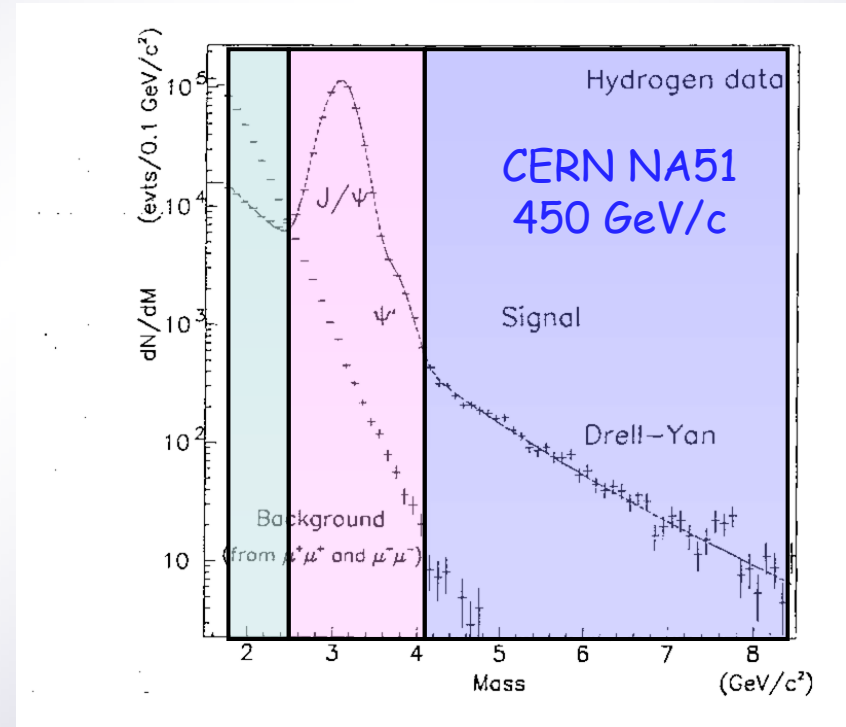
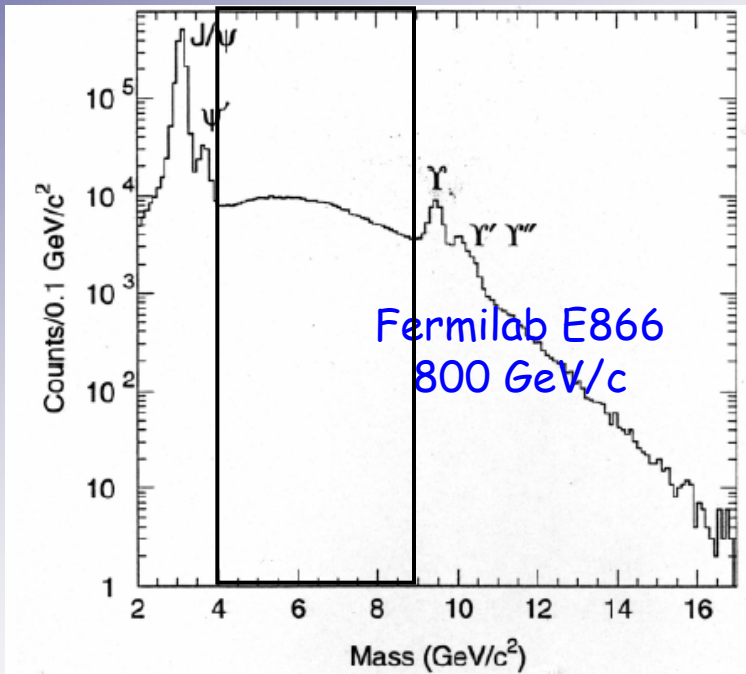
**Boer-Mulders**

$h_{1L}^\perp = \text{circle with white dot, right arrow, and diagonal arrow} - \text{circle with white dot, left arrow, and diagonal arrow}$ 
 $h_{1T}^\perp = \text{circle with white dot and up arrow} - \text{circle with white dot and down arrow}$

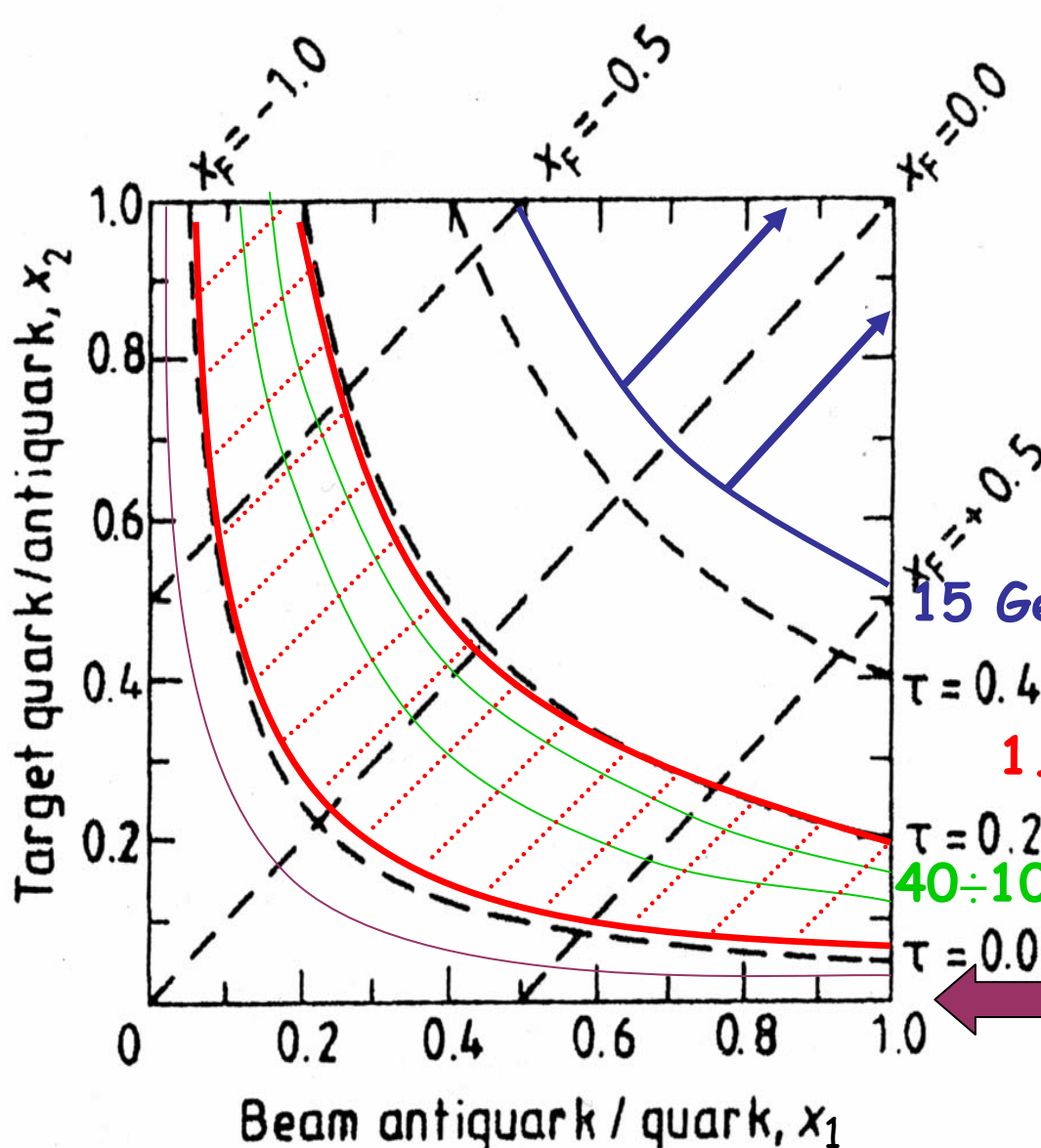
Distribution functions		Chirality	
		even	odd
Twist-2	U	$f_1$	$h_1^\perp$
	L	$g_1$	$h_{1L}^\perp$
	T	$f_{1T}^\perp, g_{1T}$	$h_1, h_{1T}^\perp$

# Di-Lepton Production

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow l^+l^-X$$



# Phase space for Drell-Yan processes



$x_{1,2}$  = mom fraction of parton<sub>1,2</sub>

$$\tau = x_1 \cdot x_2$$

$$x_F = x_1 - x_2$$

$\tau = \text{const}$ : hyperbolae

$x_F = \text{const}$ : diagonal

15 GeV/c ← PANDA/PAXfix

$1.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2 \leq M_{\mu\mu} \leq 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

40-100 GeV/c ← PAX @ HESR

symmetric HESR collider

# A. Bianconi Drell-Yan Generator for $\bar{p}p$

- Antiproton beam
- Polarized/Unpolarized beam and target
- Drell-Yan cross section from experimental data
- Selects event depending on the variables:

$$x_1, x_2, P_T, \vartheta, \varphi, \varphi_S$$

from a flat distribution

- Cross section: 
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dx_1 dx_2 dP_T d\Omega} = \frac{K}{S} \cdot S(x_1, x_2) \cdot S'(P_T) \cdot A(\vartheta, \varphi, \varphi_S)$$

A. Bianconi, *Monte Carlo Event Generator DY\_AB4 for Drell-Yan Events with Dimuon Production in Antiproton and Negative Pion Collisions with Molecular Targets*, internal note (PANDA collaboration)

A. Bianconi, M. Radici, *Phys. Rev.* **D71**, 074014 (2005) & **D72**, 074013 (2005)



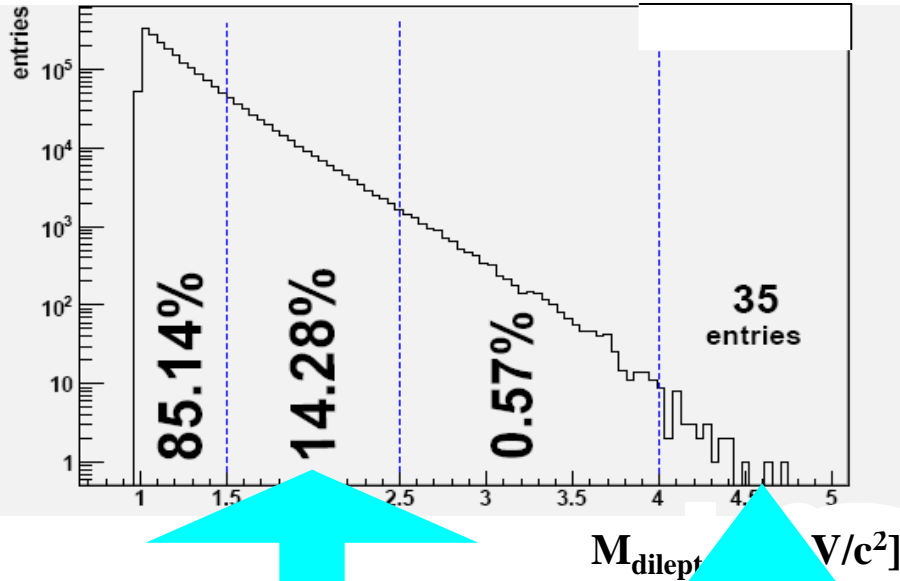
# DY @ 15 GeV/c — $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-X$

$$\sqrt{s} = 5.5 \text{ GeV}$$

A. Bianconi Drell-Yan Generator <sup>[1]</sup>

- layout studies for muon id with ABDYG (1.5 MeV)

Dilepton Mass Distribution



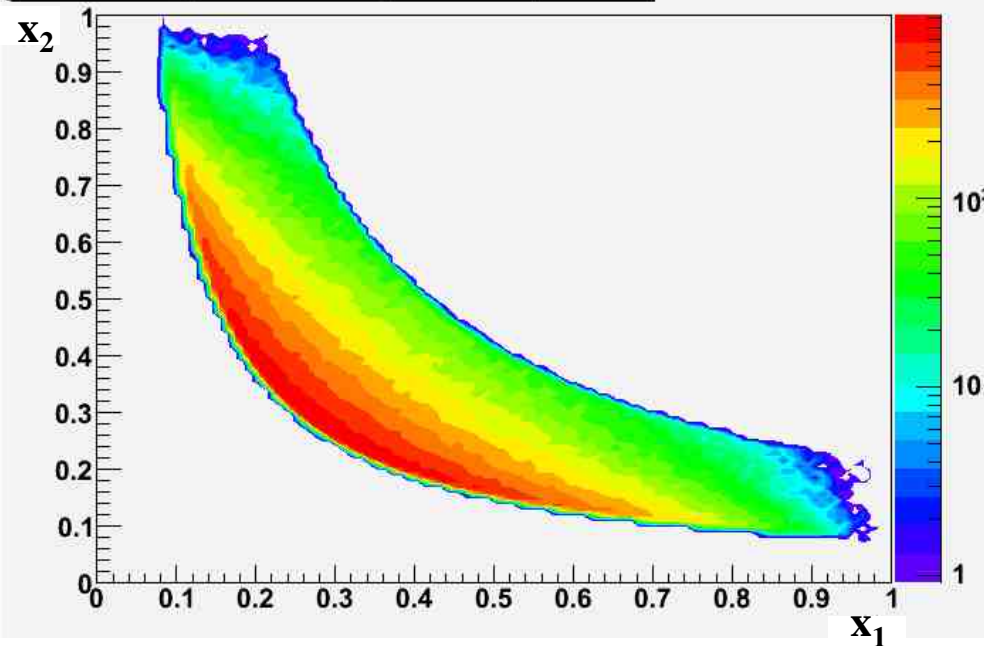
Focus on one

$$\sigma^0_{4 \leq M \leq 9} \sim 0.4$$

1.5 MeV in 5 < M < 2.5 (GeV/c<sup>2</sup>)

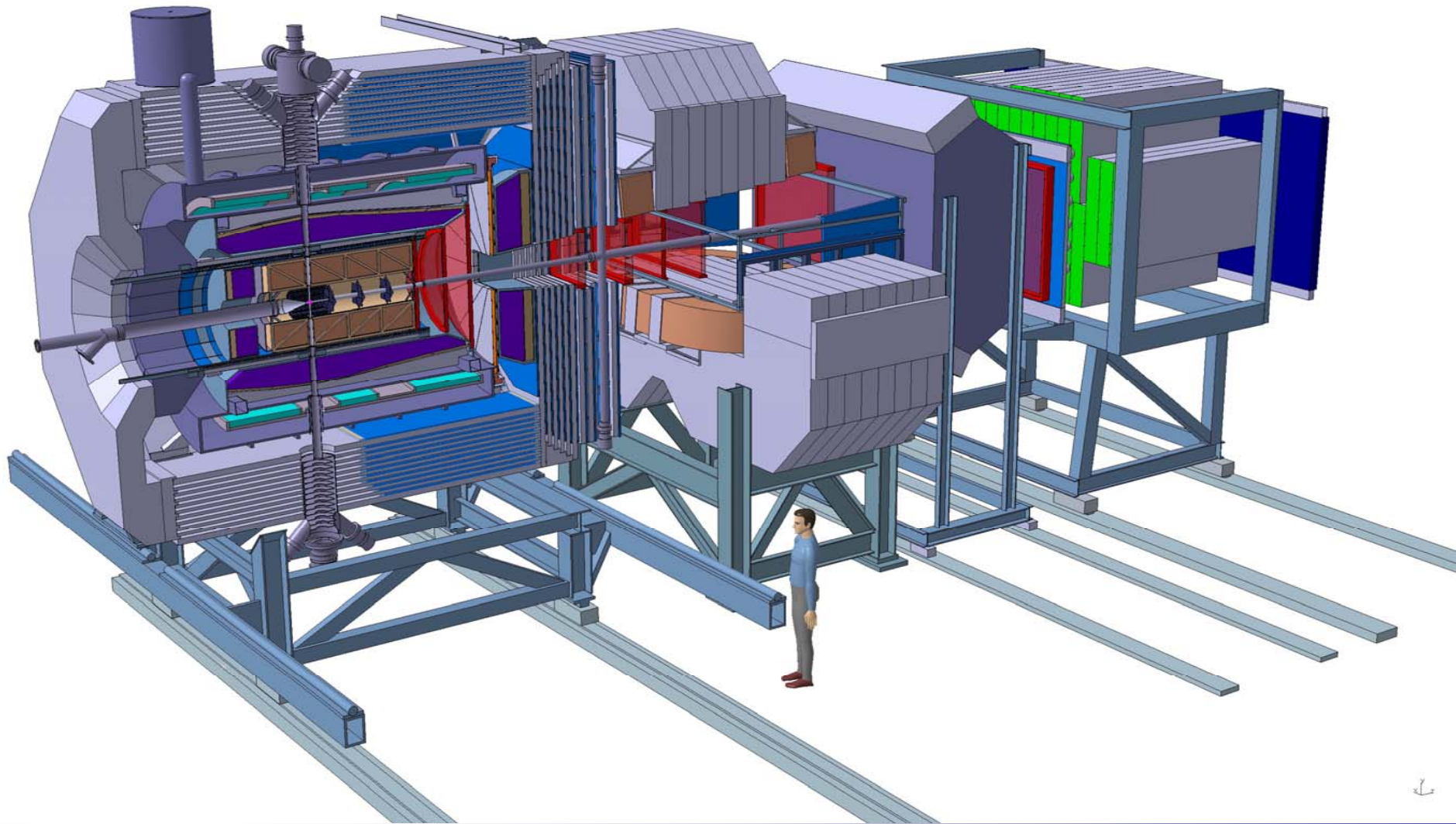
$$\sigma^0_{1.5 \leq M \leq 2.5} \sim 0.8 \text{ nb}$$

AB DY generator phase space

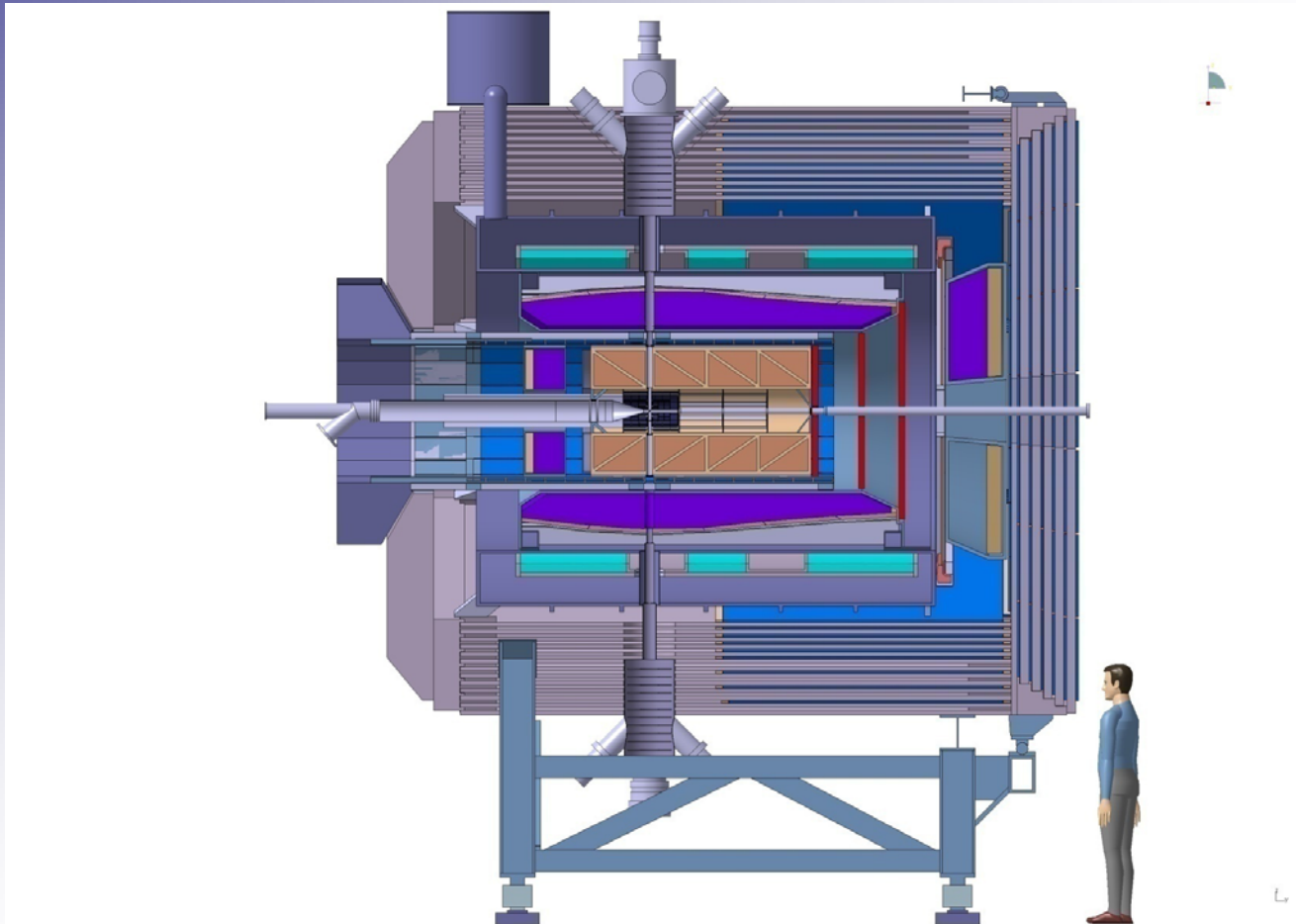


<sup>[1]</sup>A. Bianconi and M. Radici, Phys. Rev. D71 (2005) 074014

# PANDA Detector Setup Design



# PANDA Detector Setup Design



**Signal:** A. Bianconi Drell-Yan generator

**Background:** PYTHIA8 generator

**Framework:** Muon Independent Simulation Software (MISS)

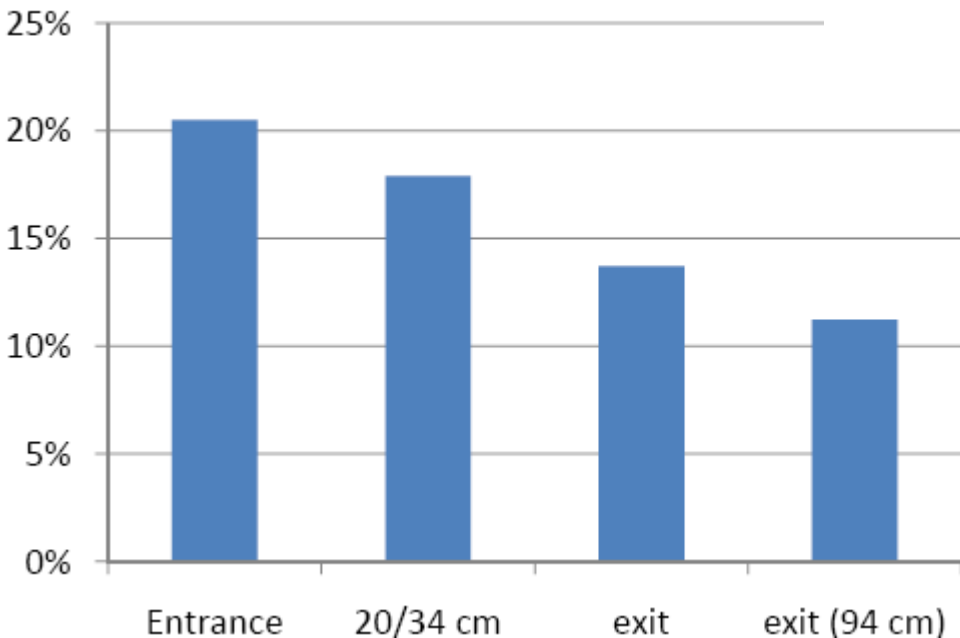
**Next step:** complete the work in PANDAROOT

# ABDYG Signal Distribution

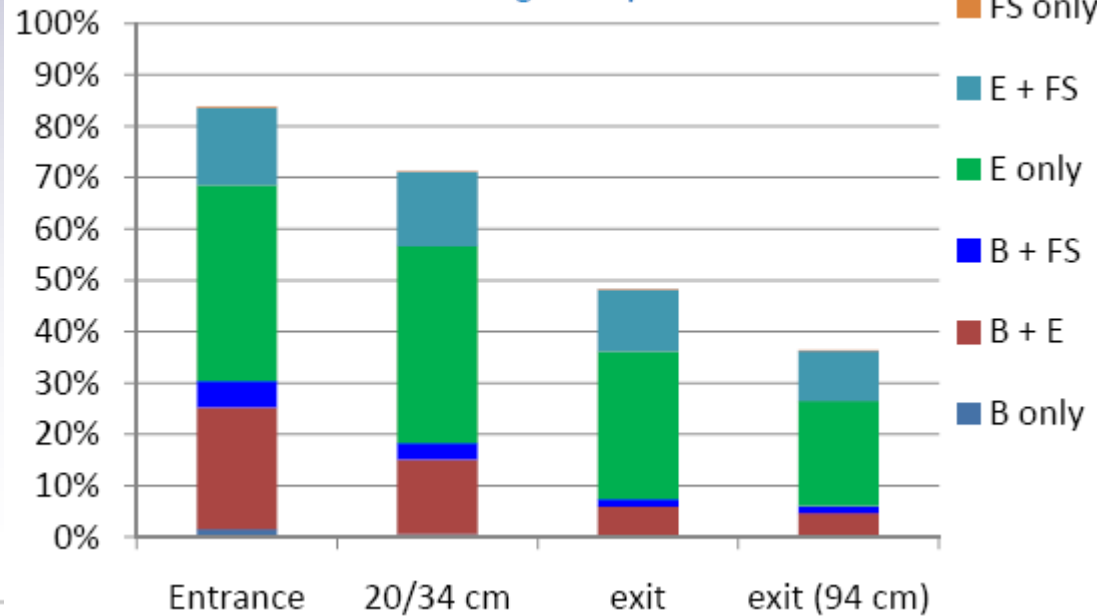
Most of the signal composed of two muons in the ENDCAP

Smaller contribution from B+E couples

DY Signal:  $P \mu$



DY Signal:  $P \mu$



Contributions from the FS region are not negligible

# Background and Cuts

## Sources of background

- Primary background: Primary  $\pi$  & Secondary  $\mu$  from Primary  $\pi$
- Secondary background: Secondary  $\pi$  & Secondary  $\mu$  from Secondary  $\pi$

## Cuts and their effect on signal

Rejection factor of  $10^7$

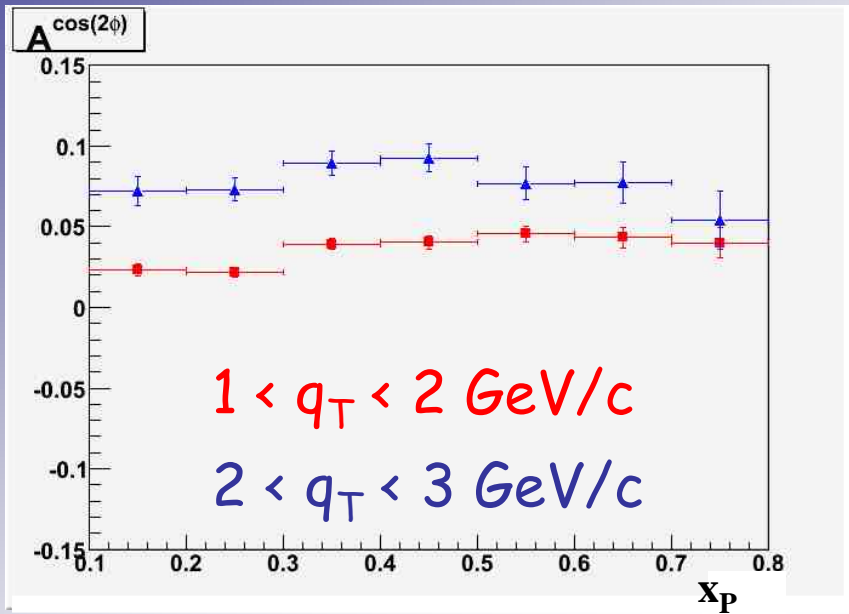
	Iron	At least 1 hit in the first 2 layers	$q_T > 0.75 \text{ GeV}/c$
Signal	Linear rejection	Reject 30% of signal	$\sim 35\%$ of the signal is reconstructed
Primary Background		$\approx 10^3$	Rejection $\approx 10^4$
Secondary Background	Almost no effect	Rejection $\approx 10^4$	Rejection $> 5 \cdot 10^6$

**Next Step:**  
Kinematic refit

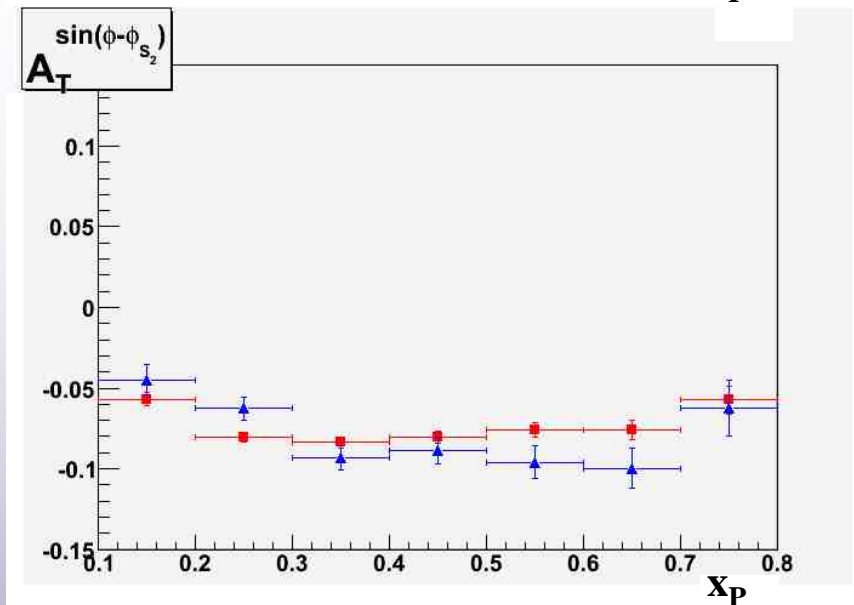
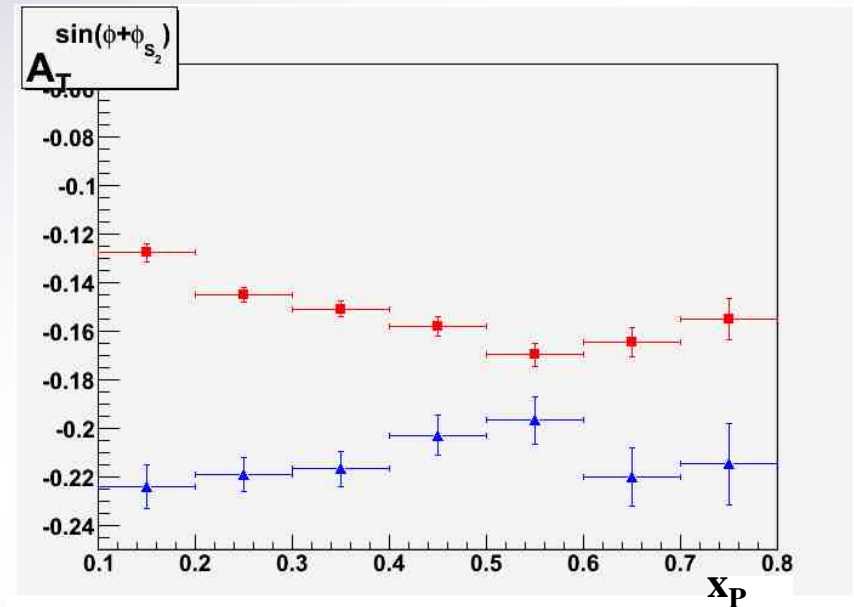


# DY Asymmetries @ Vertex

UNPOLARISED



SINGLE-POLARISED

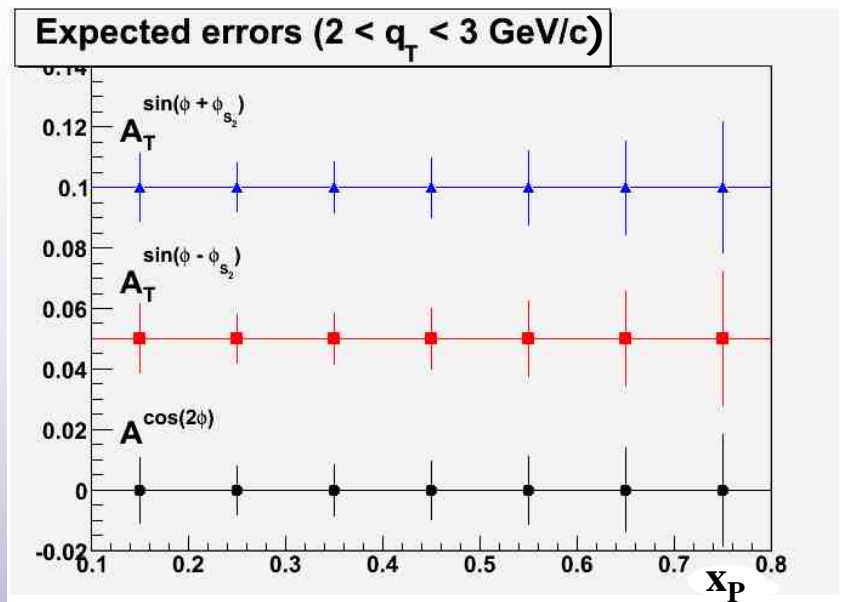
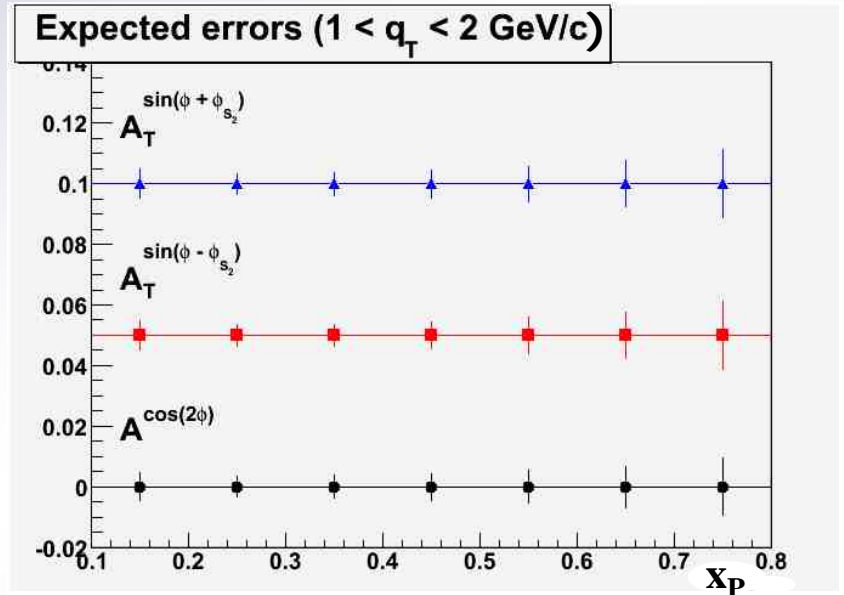
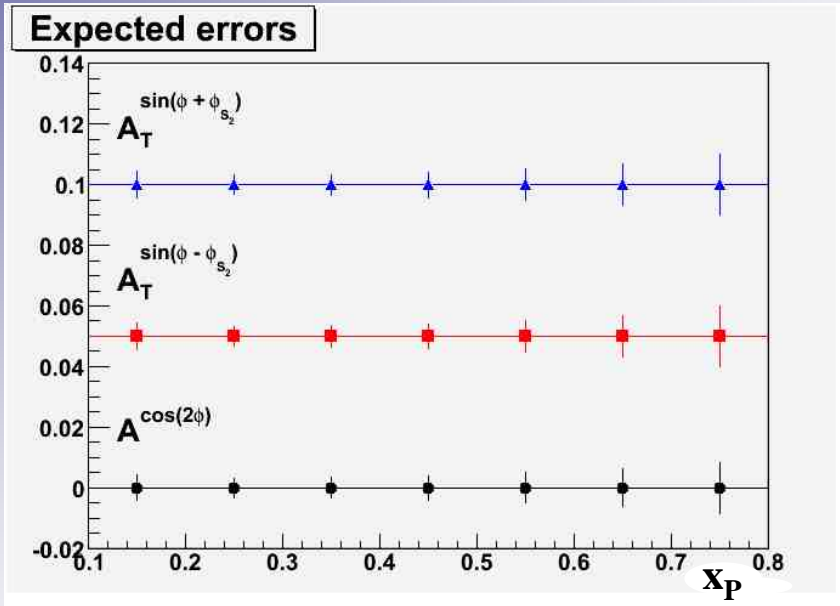


500KEv included in asymmetries

Acceptance corrections crucial!

# DY Asymmetries @ B(20cm)-E(34cm)

Statistical errors for 500KEv generated



$$R = L \cdot \sigma \cdot \epsilon$$

$$= 2 \cdot 10^{32} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} \times$$

$$\times 0.8 \cdot 10^{-33} \text{cm}^2 \times 0.33$$

$$= 0.05 \text{ s}^{-1} \sim 130 \text{ Kev/month}$$

# Summary

- Interest on Drell-Yan studies
  - $1.5 < M_{\mu\mu} < 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
  - Cuts for background rejection

Rejection factor achieved for secondary background:  $> 5 \cdot 10^6$

Kinematically constrained refit still to be investigated

- Few months of data taking are enough to:
  - evaluate unpolarised and single-spin asymmetries with good accuracy  $\Rightarrow$  investigate their dependence on  $q_{T,\mu\mu}$
- Extensive simulations needed on the GRID ( $\sim 10^8$  Ev)  
with PANDAROOT in order to:
  - check rejection factor
  - set kinematic cuts



# Summary

- $B_{20\text{cm Fe}} \times E_{34\text{cm Fe}}$  rejection factors with
  - $q_{T,\mu\mu} > 0.75 \text{ GeV}/c$
  - reaction vertex in the target region
  - $1.5 < M_{\mu\mu} < 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
  - kinematically constrained refit still to be investigated

Rejection factor achieved for secondary background:  $> 5 \cdot 10^6$

- Few months of data taking are enough to:
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with PANDAROOT in order to:
  - check rejection factor
  - set kinematic cuts

# MISS

(credits G.C. Serbanut)

## Muon Independent Simulation Software

- Pure GEANT4 simulation

ROOT used for storage and plots

- Geometry:

magnet design: nov-dec 2007 release

magnetic field: Genova design

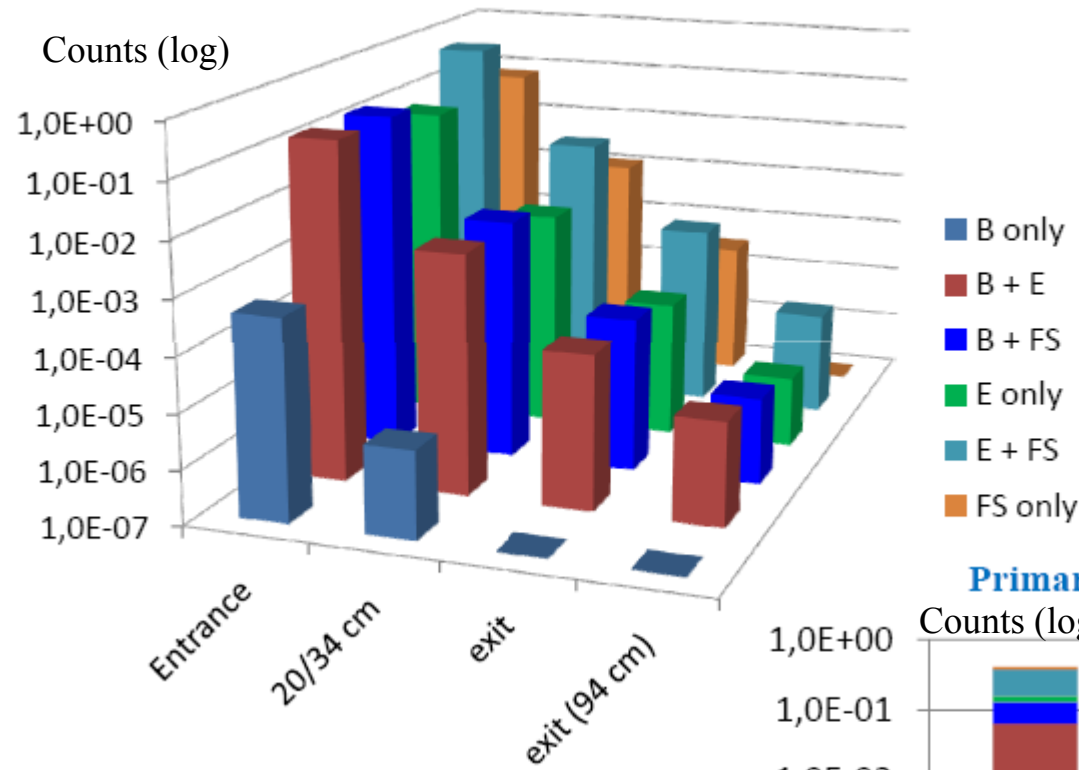
- Muon Detector: 1 layer each 2cm of iron

Sensible volumes filled with Ar+CO<sub>2</sub>

- Results presented in the Physics Book

# Hadronic Background Distribution

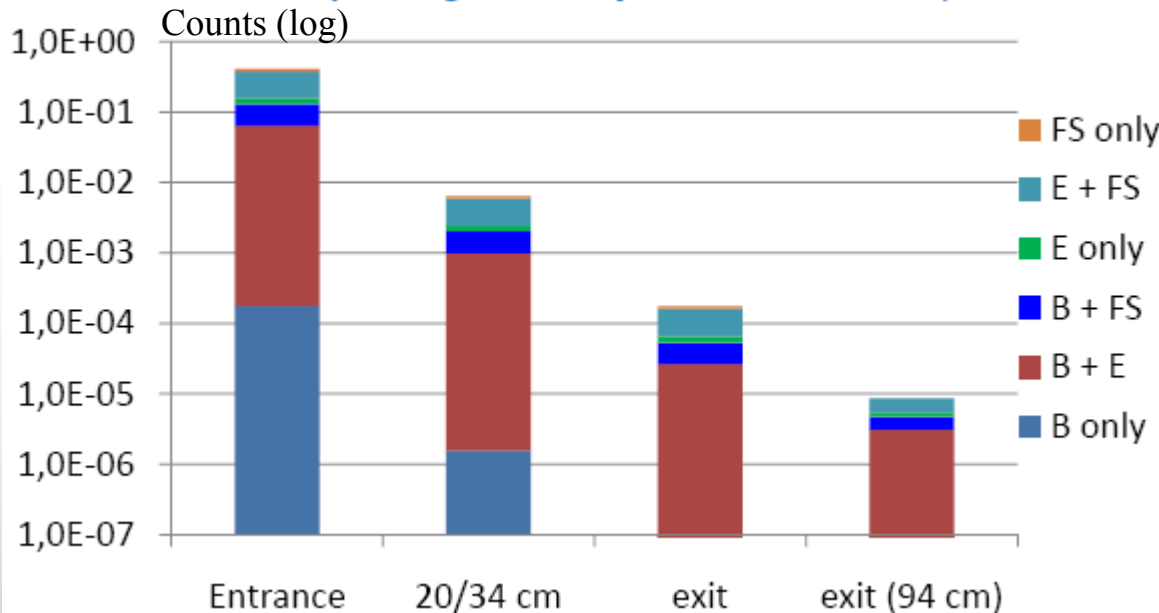
Primary Background Rejection:  $P\pi + P\pi \rightarrow S\mu$  — Fe only



Primary Background

Regular rejection as expected

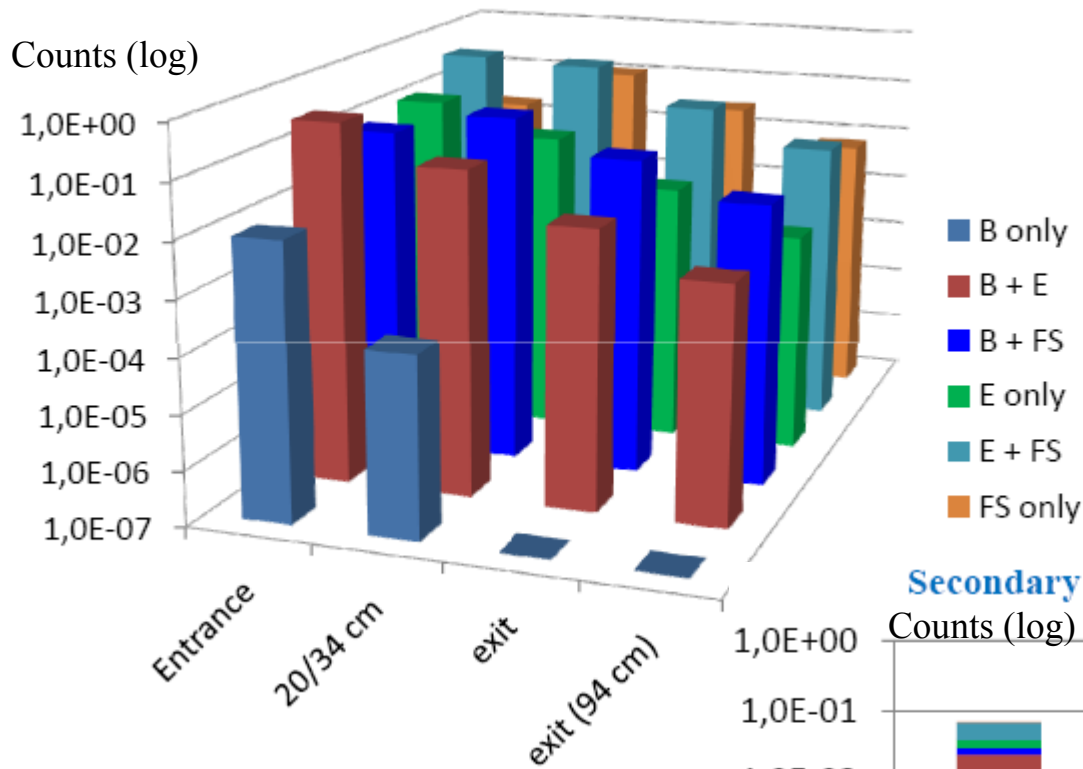
Primary Background Rejection:  $P\pi + P\pi \rightarrow S\mu$



Rejection not sufficient

# Hadronic Background Distribution

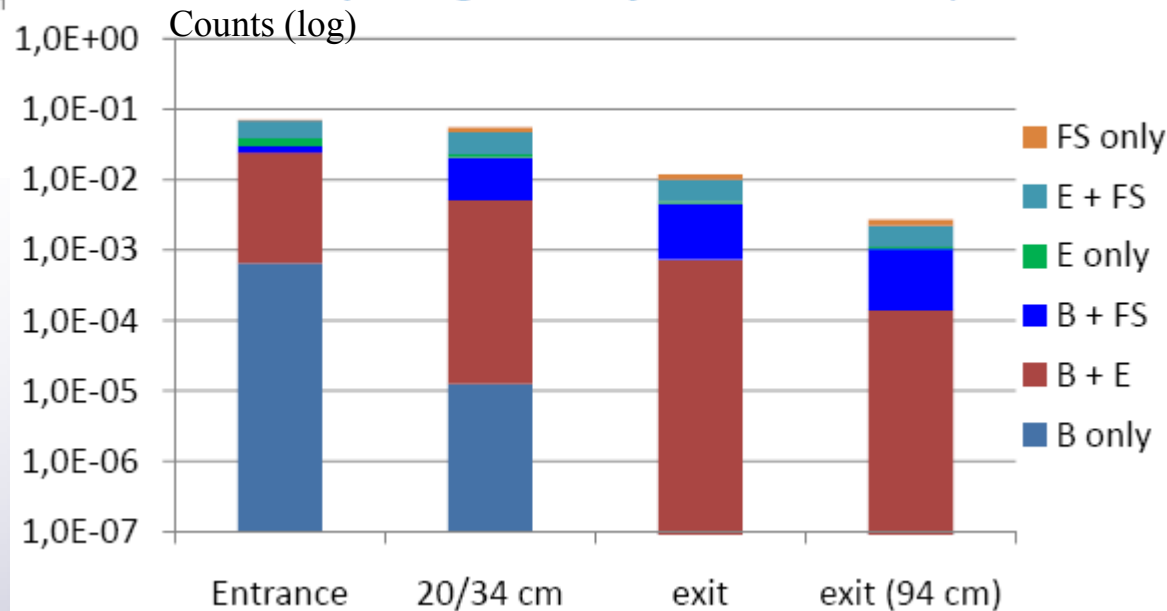
Secondary Background Rejection:  $S\pi + S\pi \rightarrow S\mu$  — Fe only



Secondary Background

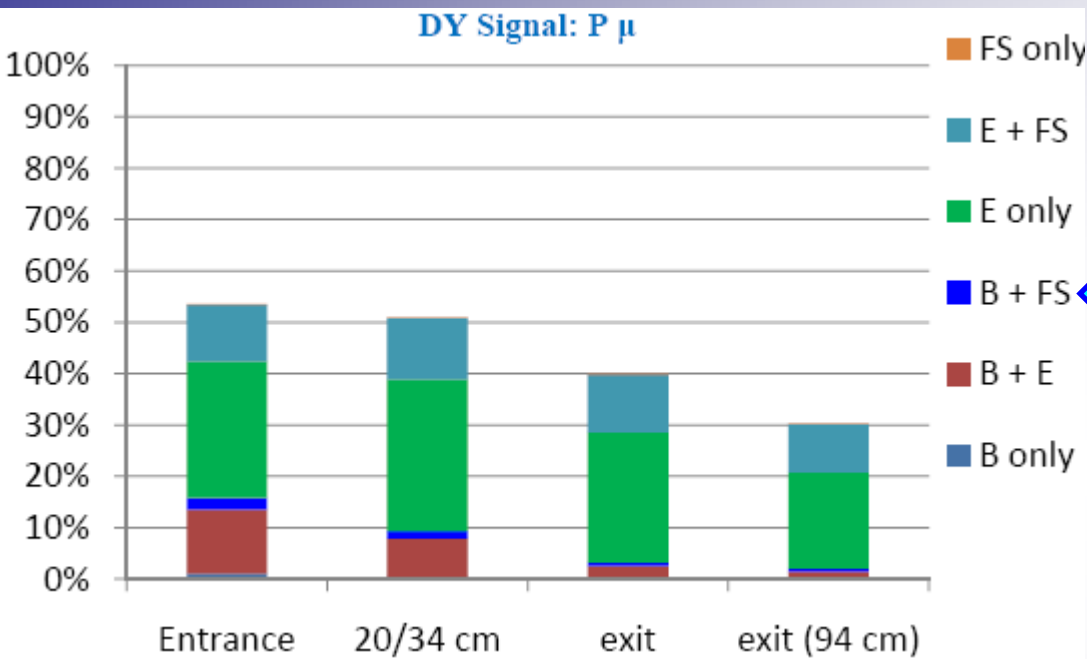
Almost no effect

Secondary Background Rejection:  $S\pi + S\pi \rightarrow S\mu$



Almost no rejection

# ABDYG Signal Distribution



$$1.5 < M_{\mu\mu} < 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

Very tough  
requirements  
on track length

Kinematic cut:

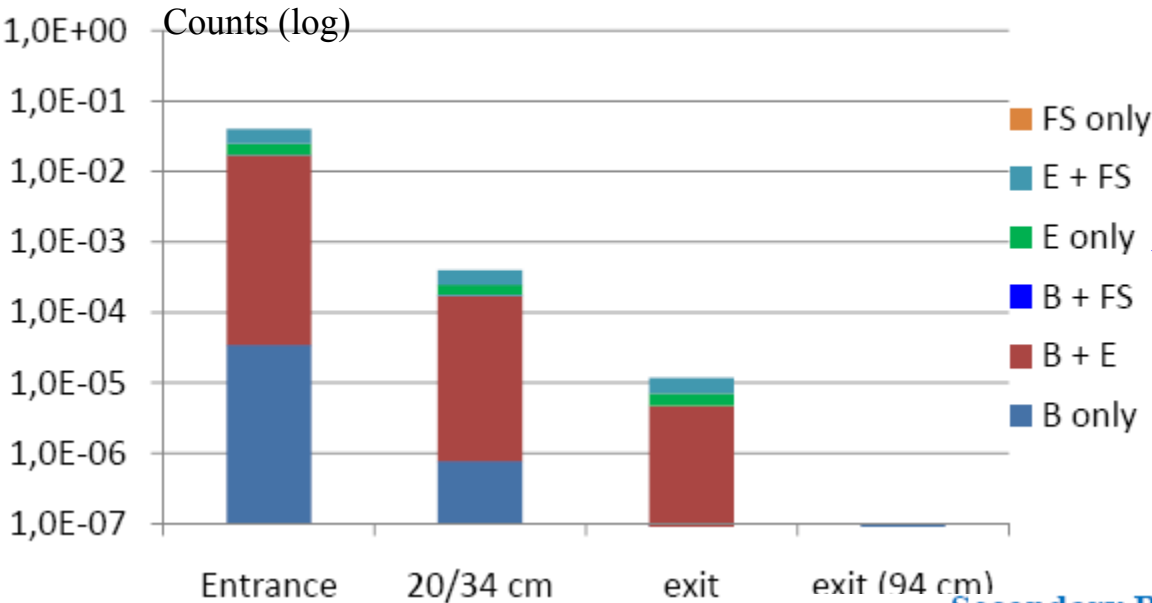
At least 1 hit in the first 2 layers



Cut of signal

# Hadronic Background Distribution

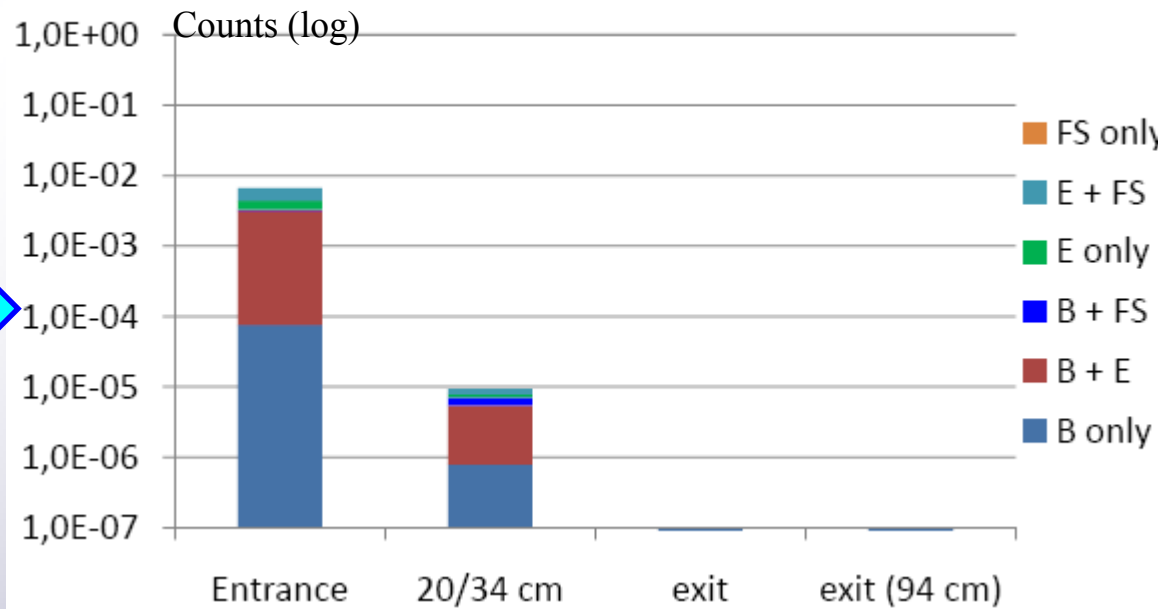
Primary Background Rejection:  $P\pi + P\pi \rightarrow S\mu$



$$1.5 < M_{\mu\mu} < 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

Very tough requirements on track length

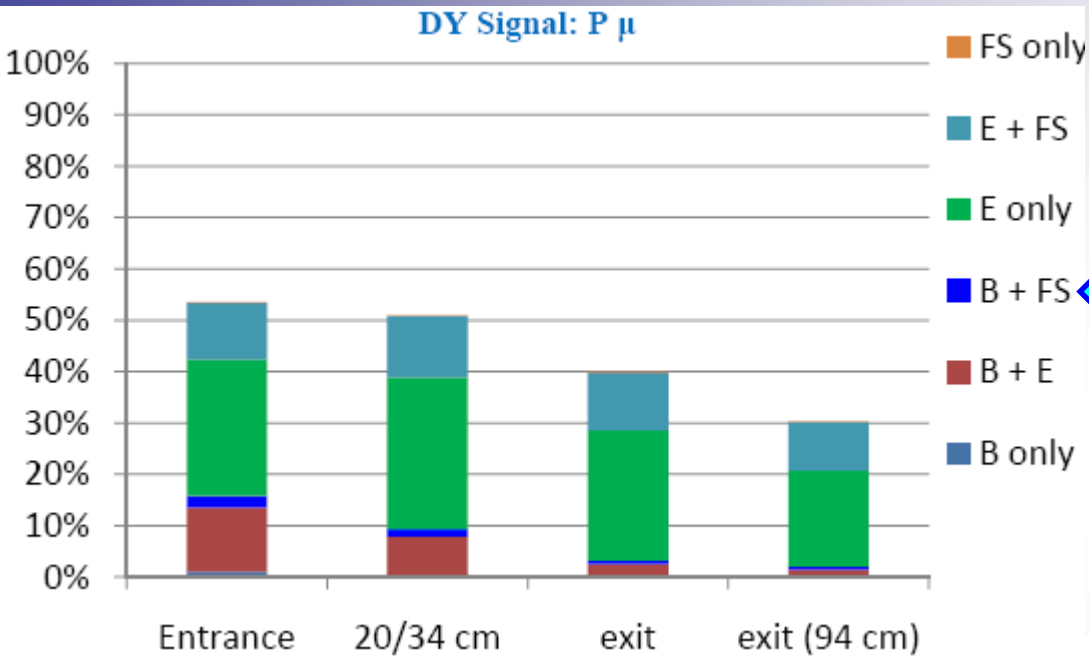
Secondary Background Rejection:  $S\pi + S\pi \rightarrow S\mu$



$$1.5 < M_{\mu\mu} < 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

Very tough requirements on track length

# ABDYG Signal Distribution

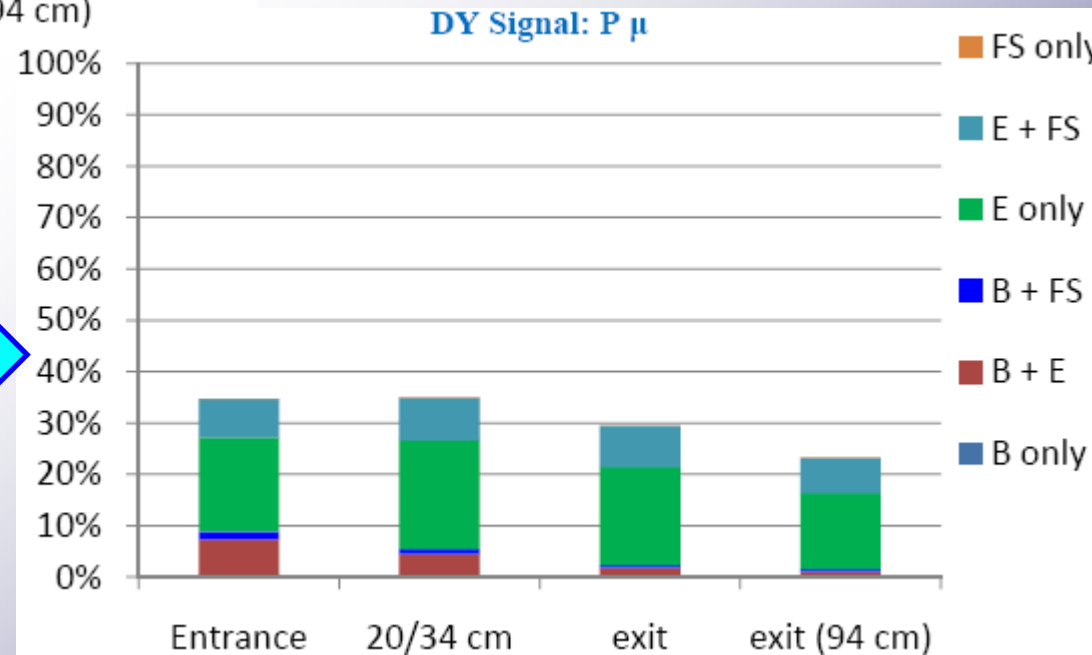


$$1.5 < M_{\mu\mu} < 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

Very tough requirements on track length

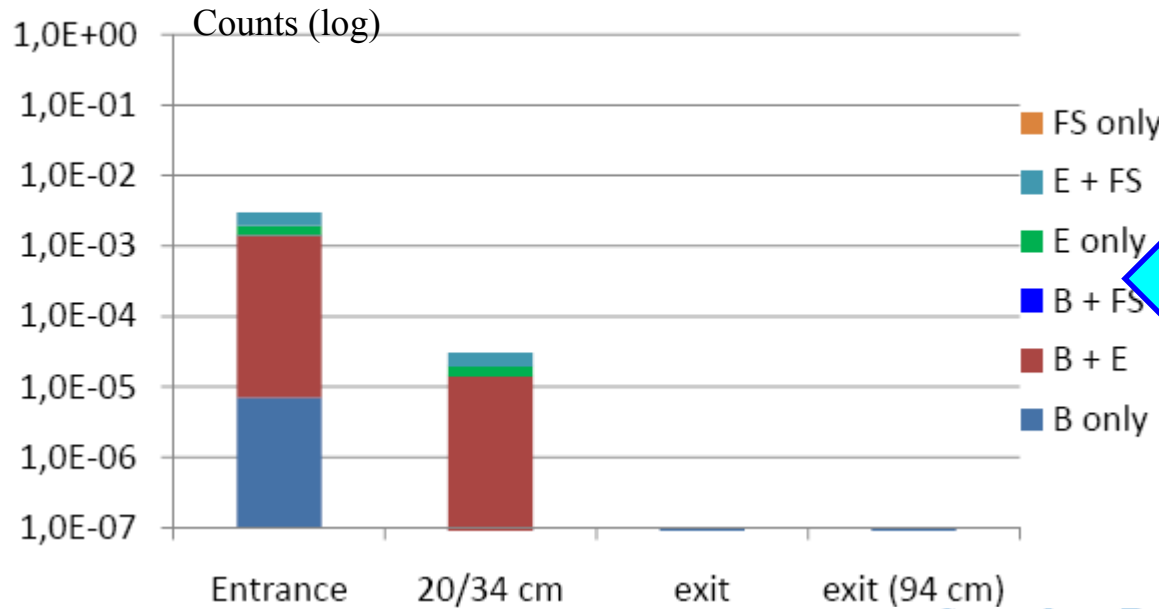
$1.5 < M_{\mu\mu} < 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$   
Very tough requirements on track length

$$q_{T,\mu\mu} > 0.75 \text{ GeV}/c$$



# Hadronic Background Distribution

Primary Background Rejection:  $P\pi + P\pi \rightarrow S\mu$



$$1.5 < M_{\mu\mu} < 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

Very crude requirements on track length

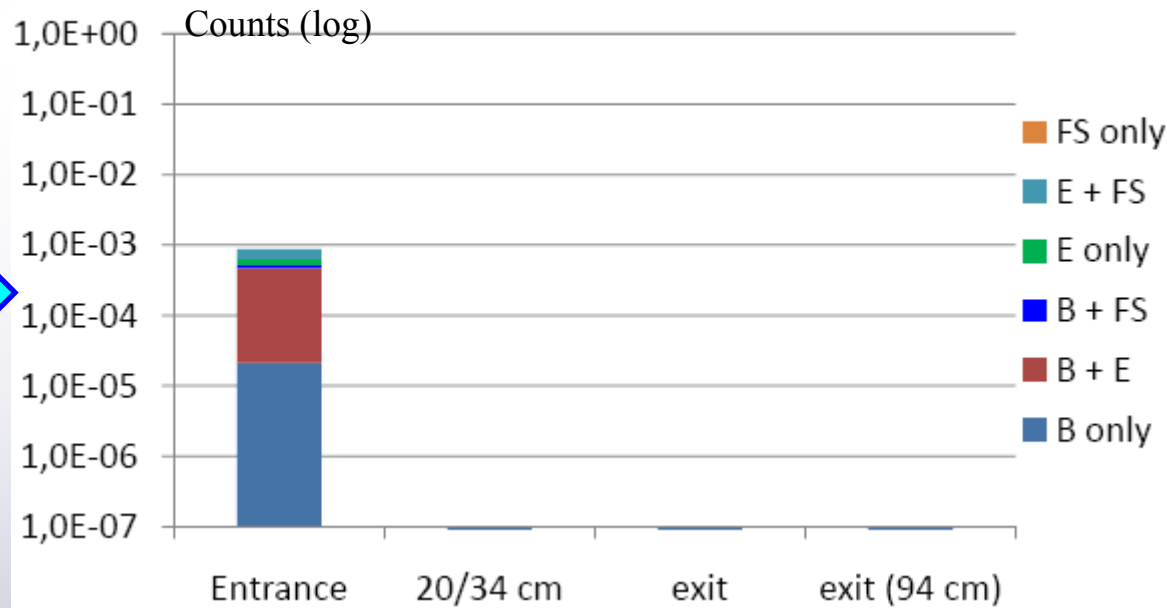
$$p_{T,\mu\mu} > 0.75 \text{ GeV}/c$$

$$1.5 < M_{\mu\mu} < 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

Very crude requirements on track length

$$p_{T,\mu\mu} > 0.75 \text{ GeV}/c$$

Secondary Background Rejection:  $S\pi + S\pi \rightarrow S\mu$





# Computing Environments - INFN Grid

(credits G.C. Serbanut)

- Motivation

  - CPU time consumption
  - collect statistics

- Operational

- Nutshell with precompiled FairSoft, PandaRoot, gcc and system libraries

10000

- Jobs:

signal events

  - Jobs are started with scripts (BASH+AWK)

  - Nutshell is moved to the local machine (~40s)

  - Environment variables set

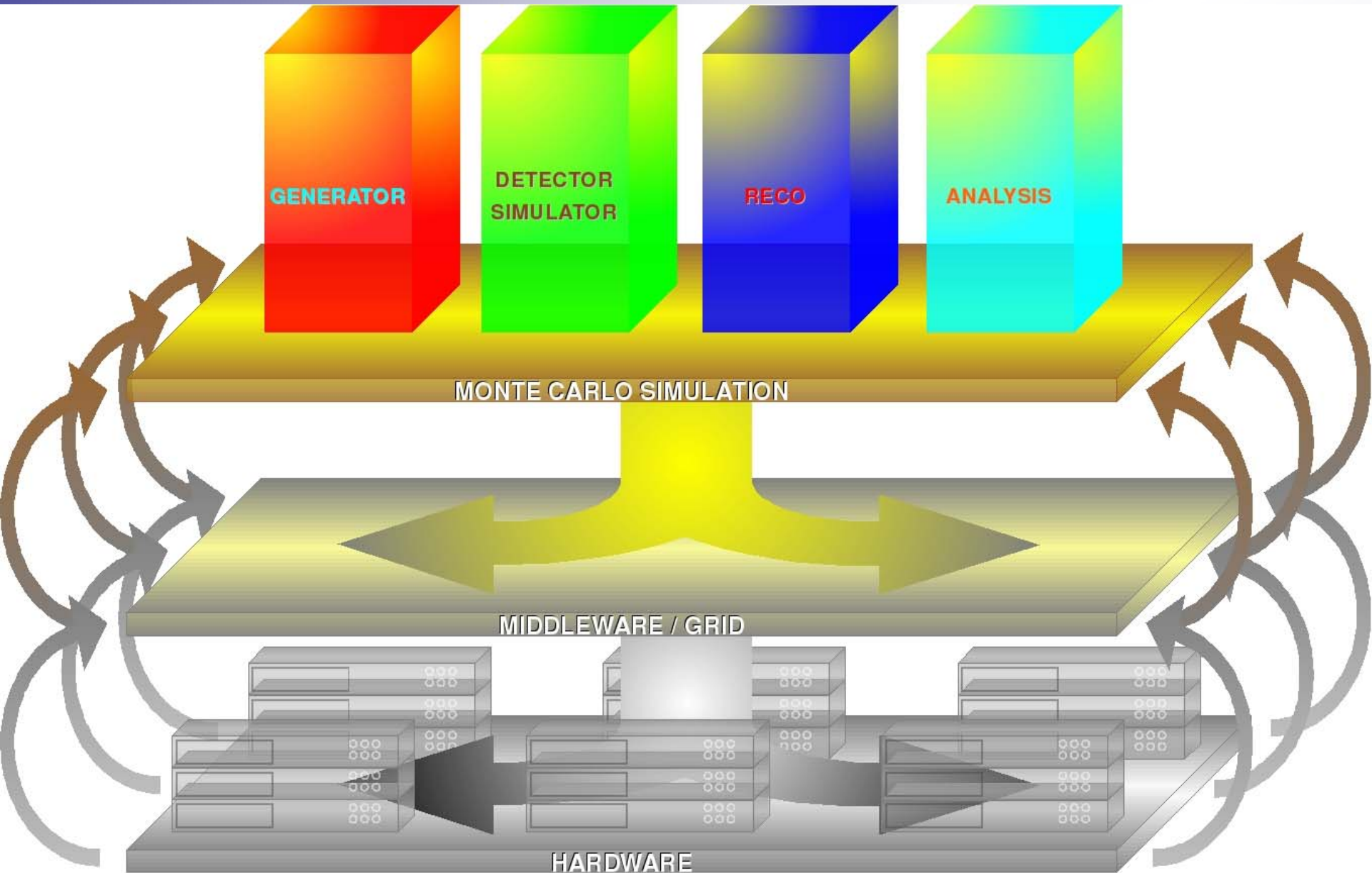
  - Run process (40 min)

  - Output send to the database and saved (2min, 910MB)

  - Nutshell and output removed from the local machine (few s)

- Full automatization

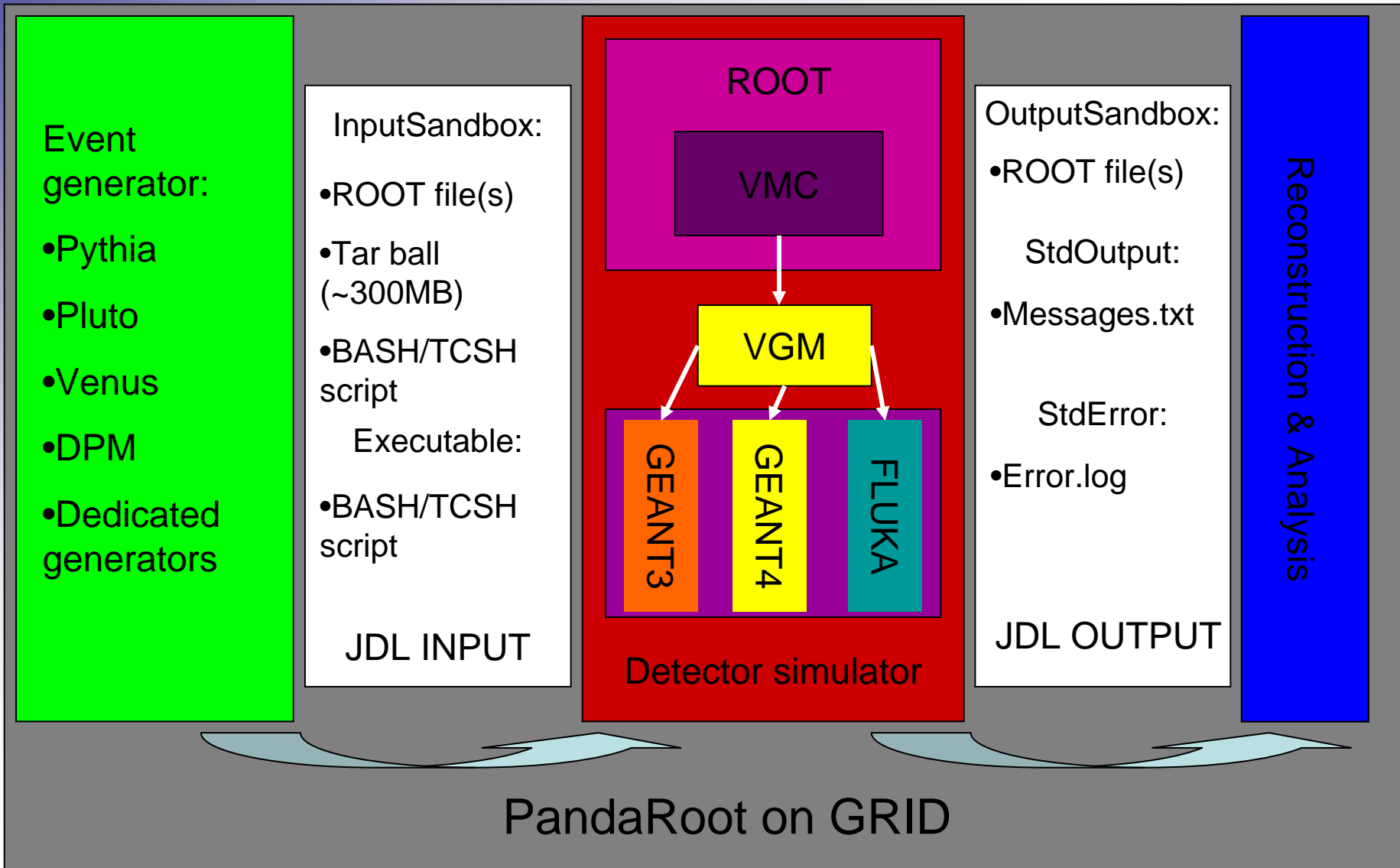
# Computing Environments - INFN Grid



# Computing Environments - INFN Grid

(credits G.C. Serbanut)

## Schema of PandaRoot simulations on the INFN Grid



# Computing Environments - Farm

(credits G.C. Serbanut)

## ➤ Operational

- Nutshell with precompiled FairSoft, PandaRoot, gcc and system libraries

10000

signal events

## • Jobs:

- Jobs are started with scripts (BASH+AWK)

Nutshell is created and then moved to the local machine (few s)

Jobs are running locally (40 min)

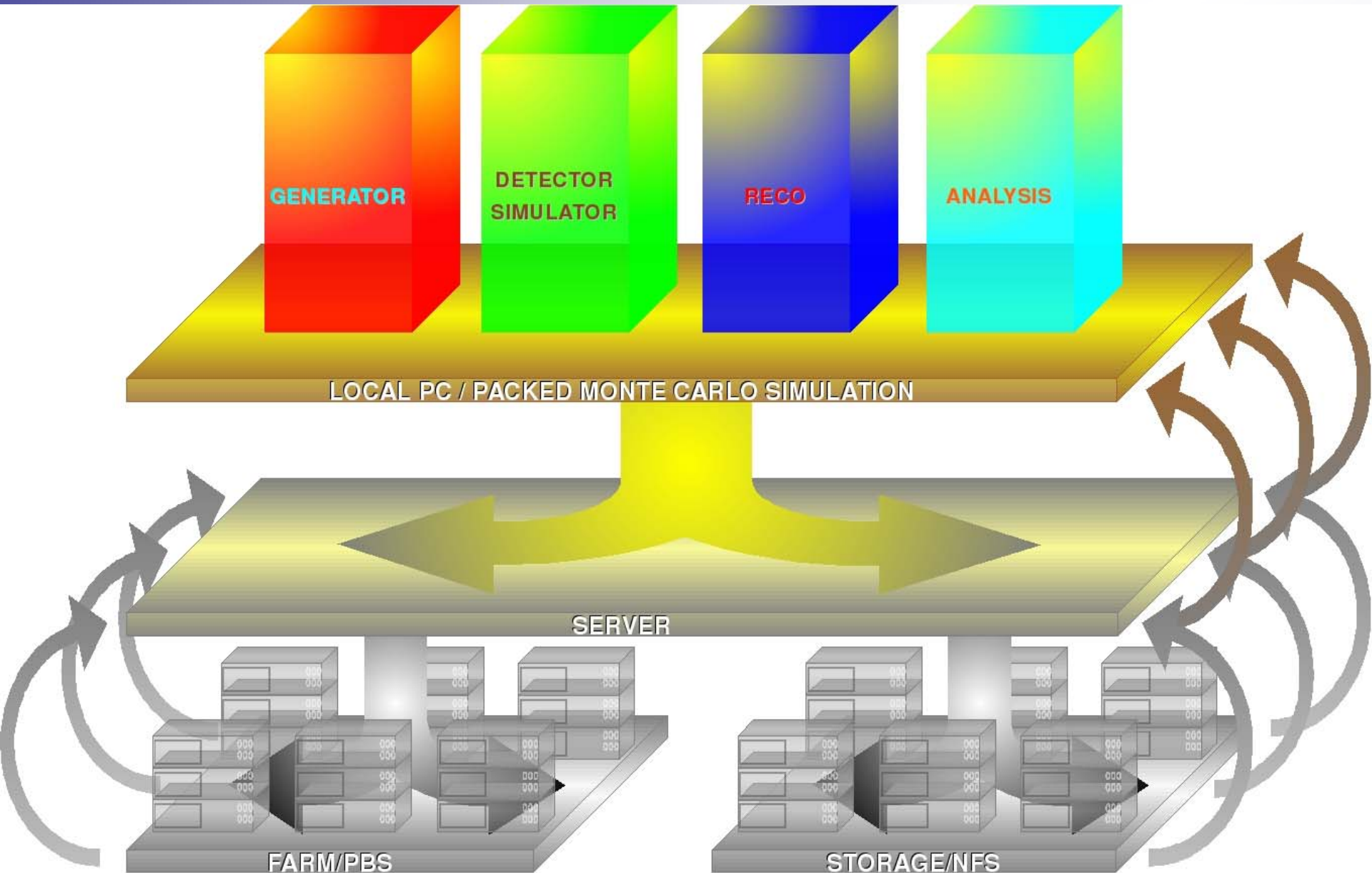
Output moved to storage elements (2min, 910MB)

Clean the computing element (few s)

- Check free space on disks

Balance of the amount of data on storage elements

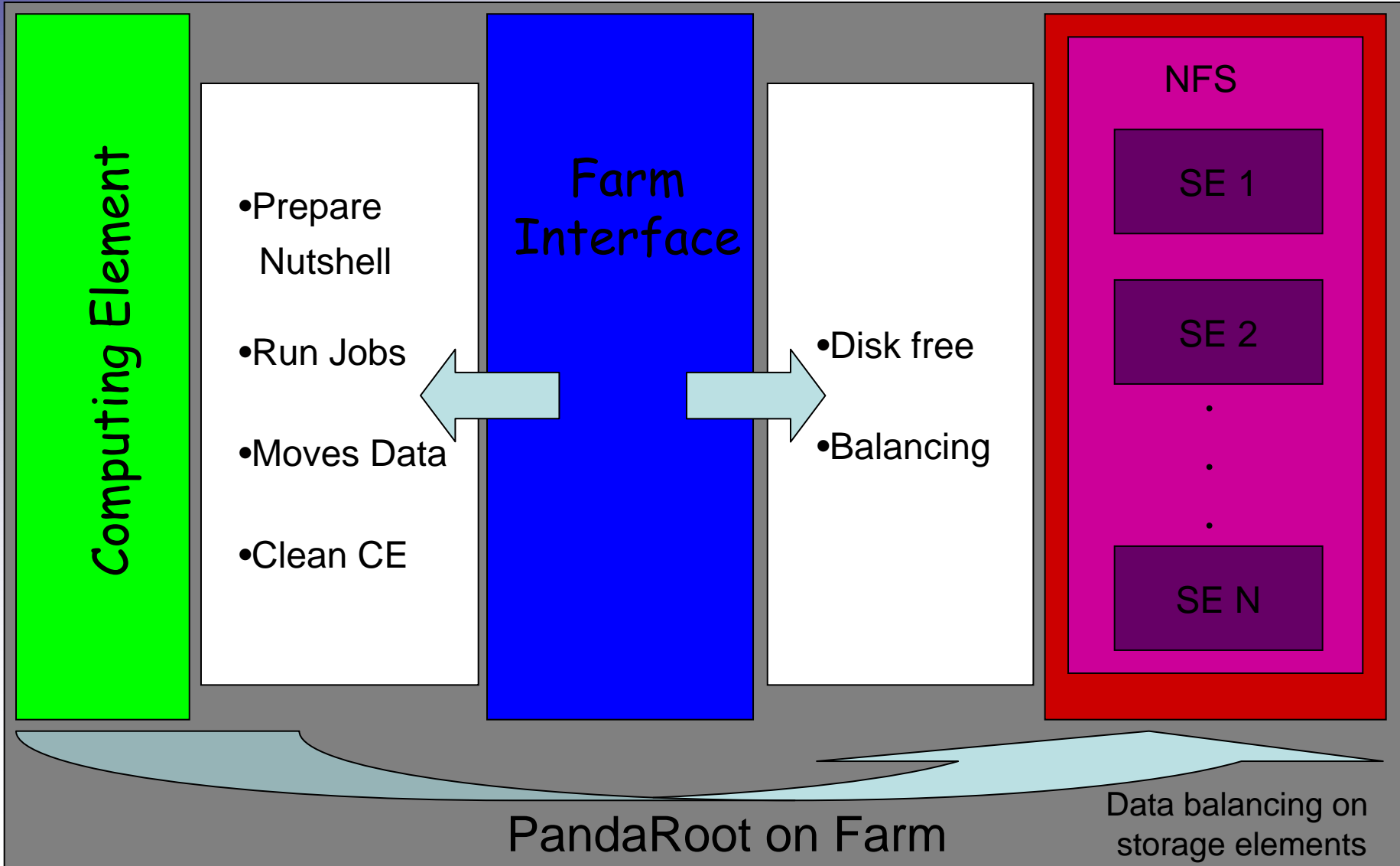
# Computing Environments - Farm



# Computing Environments - Farm

(credits G.C. Serbanut)

## Schema of PandaRoot simulations on the Torino Farm



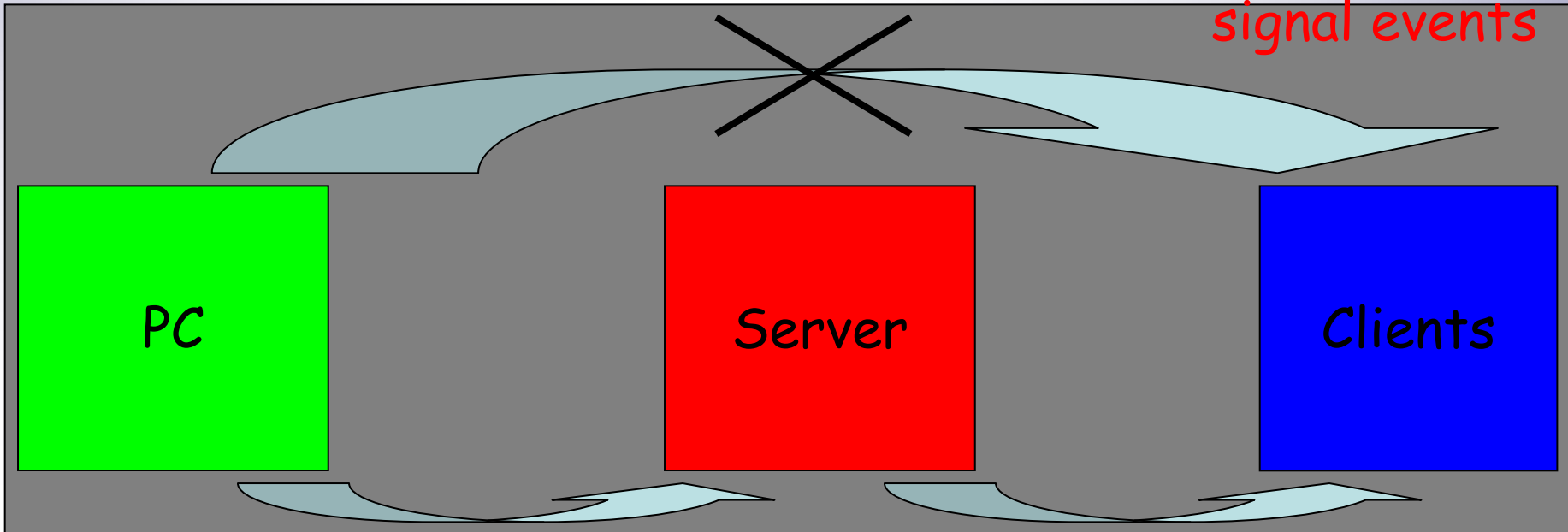
# Computing Environments - Cluster

(credits G.C. Serbanut)

- 4 clients with 2 CPUs dual core -> 16 threads at once
- Jobs are started with scripts (BASH+AWK)
  - Passwordless ssh connection among all the machines (SSH v.2)
  - Clean input/output (few s)  
Copy locally input data (few s)  
Start and monitor the simulations (35 min)  
Retrieving the data (2min, 910MB)

10000

signal events





# Computing Environments - Cluster

## *Automatization*

L1: end user computer (tester / developer / analyzer)

L2: cluster server

L3: working node 1

L3: working node 2

L3: working node 3

L3: working node 4

L4: 4 x  
simulation  
application

L4: 4 x  
simulation  
application

L4: 4 x  
simulation  
application

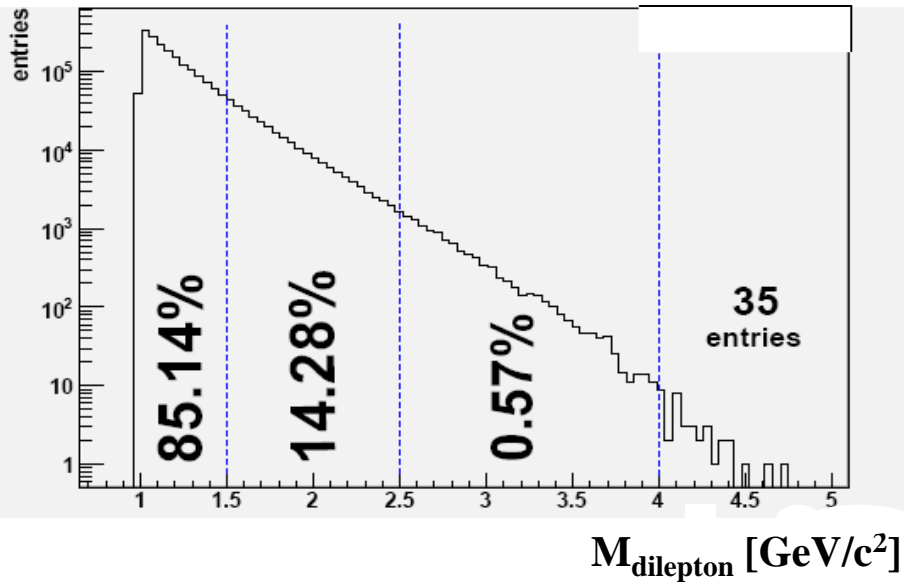
L4: 4 x  
simulation  
application



# DY @ 15 GeV/c — $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-X$

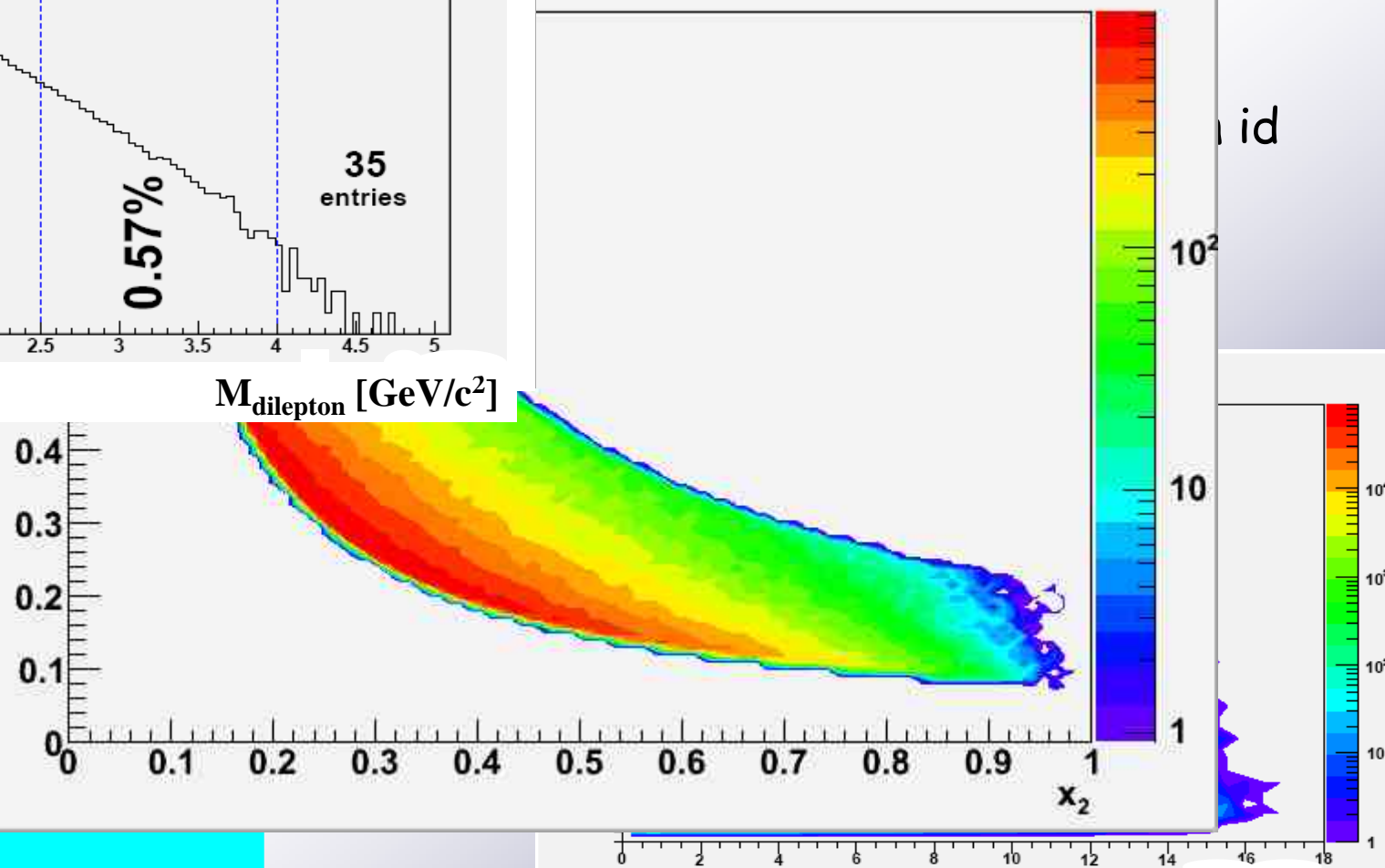
$\sqrt{s} = 5.5 \text{ GeV}$

Dilepton Mass Distribution



Phase space

Generator [1]



Focus on

1.5 MeV in

$$\sigma^0_{1.5 \leq M \leq 2}$$

[1]A. Bianconi and M. Radici, Phys. Rev. D71 (2005) 074014